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DATE MAILED: 08/11/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/647,068	08/22/2003	Louis C. Argenta	0101 P02977US1	9699	
110 7	2590 08/11/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
-	FMAN, HERRELL &	PHILOGEN	PHILOGENE, PEDRO		
1601 MARKET STREET SUITE 2400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	IIA, PA 19103-2307		3733		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/647,068	ARGENTA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Pedro Philogene	3733				
The MAILING DATE of this commun Period for Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence ad	ldress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a renunication. atutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT will, by statute, cause the application to become ABA	CATION. Seply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this continuous continuous (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>09 May 2006</i> .					
	2b) This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to	•	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
2. Certified copies of the priority3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have been received. documents have been received in Aport of the priority documents have been an Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Δ\ ☐ Interview S	ummary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date ¶/9/04:5/2/06. ↓ 13 65, 2	PTO-948) Paper No(s PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of In	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTC	O-152)			

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-13 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of copending Application No. 10/227,161. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it is clear that all the elements of claims 1-13 of the '161 application, are to be found in claims 1-13 of '161 application. The difference between these two sets of claims lies in the fact that the claims of the '068 application includes many more elements and is thus much more specific. Thus the invention of claims 1-13 of the '161 application is in effect a "species of the "generic" invention of claims 1-13 of the '068 application. It has been held that the generic invention is "anticipated" by the "species". See in re Goodman, 29 USPQ 2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Since, claims 1-13 of the '068 application are anticipated by claims 1-13 of the '161 application, they are not patentably distinct from claims 1-13 of the '161 application.

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Claims 1-13 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-45,96-103, 113-121 of copending Application No. 10/161,076 in view of Dunn et al. (5,717,030). Dunn et al teach a system that can be implanted anywhere in the body including bone, as best seen in column 5, lines 19-22. The system can be biodegradable and the active ingredient can include bone growth agents. Therefore, Dunn teach a bone substitute material that is bioabsorbable to promote bone growth. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the copending claims to include bone substitute material at the wound to repair bone tissue. The copending claims already recite the treatment of repairing bone tissue. Dunn et al teach the details of the material that would provide the recited function.

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Claims 1-13 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9-14,16-19,23-30,32,33,37-50,52-56,84-132 of copending Application No. 09/863,234 in view of Dunn et al. (5,717,030). Dunn et al teach a system that can be implanted anywhere in the body including bone, as best seen in column 5, lines 19-22. The system can be biodegradable and the active ingredient can include bone growth agents. Therefore, Dunn teach a bone substitute material that is bioabsorbable to promote bone growth. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the copending claims to include bone substitute material at the wound to repair bone tissue. The copending claims already recite the treatment of repairing bone tissue. Dunn et al teach the details of the material that would provide the recited function.

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Claims 1-13 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 38-41,43-46,71-80,83-86 of copending Application No. 09/026,353 in view of Dunn et al. (5,717,030). Dunn et al teach a system that can be implanted anywhere in the body including bone, as best seen in column 5, lines 19-22. The system can be biodegradable and the active ingredient can include bone growth agents. Therefore, Dunn teach a bone substitute material that is bioabsorbable to promote bone growth. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the copending claims to include bone substitute material at the wound to repair bone tissue. The copending claims already recite the treatment of repairing bone tissue. Dunn et al teach the details of the material that would provide the recited function.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 5/9/06, with respect to claims 1-13 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The 103 rejection of claims 1-13 has been withdrawn. However, the double patenting rejection of the claims is still maintained.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pedro Philogene whose telephone number is (571) 272-4716. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on (571) 272 - 4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Pedro Philogene August 01, 2006

> PEDRO PHILOCENE PRIMARY EXAMINER